## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

Current Report
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported): January 28, 2021



### FIRSTCASH, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-10960

(Commission File Number)

75-2237318

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

1600 West 7th Street, Fort Worth, Texas 76102

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(817) 335-1100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

### Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

	wing provisions:	. Hing is intended to sim	nultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the									
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425	under the Securities Act (	17 CFR 230.425)									
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)											
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))											
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))											
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:  Title of each class Trading Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which registered											
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered									
	Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	FCFS	The Nasdaq Stock Market									
	eate by check mark whether the registrant is at ter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange A		any as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this this chapter).									
Emei	rging growth company											
	emerging growth company, indicate by check invised financial accounting standards provided p		elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new f the Exchange Act. $\Box$									

#### Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On January 28, 2021, FirstCash, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the three and twelve month periods ended December 31, 2020 and the Board of Directors' declaration of a first quarter cash dividend of \$0.27 per common share and the Board of Directors' authorization of an additional \$100 million of share repurchases (the "Earnings Release"). The Earnings Release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference in its entirety into this Item 2.02.

The information provided in this Item 2.02, including the Earnings Release, shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by the specific reference in such filing.

#### Item 8.01 Other Events.

On January 28, 2021, the Company announced that the Board of Directors authorized the Company, effective upon the completion of the current plan, to repurchase up to \$100 million additional shares of its common stock (the "New Authorization"). The Board of Directors made this determination after considering the Company's liquidity needs and capital resources as well as the estimated current value of the Company's assets.

Under the New Authorization, the Company may purchase common stock in open market transactions, block purchases or other privately negotiated transactions, from time to time pursuant to a trading plan in accordance with Rule 10b5-1 and Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act or by any combination of such methods. The number of shares to be purchased and the timing of the purchases are based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the level of cash balances, credit availability, debt covenant restrictions, general business conditions, regulatory requirements, the market price of the Company's stock, dividend policy, the availability of alternative investment opportunities, including acquisitions, and the impact of COVID-19. No time limit was set for completion of repurchases under the New Authorization and the program may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

- (d) Exhibits:
  - 99.1 Press release, dated January 28, 2021, announcing the Company's financial results for the three and twelve month periods ended December 31, 2020, declaration of cash dividend and share repurchase authorization
  - 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document contained in Exhibit 101)

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: January 28, 2021 <u>FIRSTCASH, INC.</u> (Registrant)

/s/ R. DOUGLAS ORR

R. Douglas Orr

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (As Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)



### FirstCash Reports Fourth Quarter and Full-Year Earnings Results; Adds 137 Locations in 2020 Including Fourth Quarter Acquisitions of 22 U.S. Stores; Declares Quarterly Cash Dividend and Authorizes Additional Repurchase Program

Fort Worth, Texas (January 28, 2021) -- FirstCash, Inc. (the "Company") (Nasdaq: FCFS), the leading international operator of approximately 2,750 retail pawn stores in the U.S. and Latin America, today announced operating results for the fourth quarter and full-year ended December 31, 2020, and an update on the impact of COVID-19 on its business. In addition, the Board of Directors declared a \$0.27 per share quarterly cash dividend to be paid in February 2021 and authorized an additional \$100 million of common share repurchases.

Mr. Rick Wessel, chief executive officer, stated, "Our fourth quarter operating results demonstrated the resiliency of our business model and the continued dedication of our employees to safely serve customers in an unprecedented operating environment. Retail sales during the quarter were stronger than expected, with sales margins at record levels. Coupled with the ongoing recovery of pawn lending activity and continued expense discipline, operating profitability improved significantly compared to the third quarter.

"Despite the challenges of 2020, FirstCash continued to invest in long-term growth with the addition of 137 stores during the year. We opened 75 de novo stores and acquired 40 stores in Latin America this year, and during the fourth quarter, acquired 22 U.S. stores located in Texas and the Carolinas. The Company's strong balance sheet and cash flows also funded additional repurchases of \$107 million of common stock throughout 2020, including \$27 million in the fourth quarter."

This release contains adjusted earnings measures, which exclude debt extinguishment costs and certain other extraordinary and/or non-cash expenses, which are non-GAAP financial measures. Please refer to the descriptions and reconciliations to GAAP of these and other non-GAAP financial measures at the end of this release.

Three Months Ended December 31,

		As Report	ed (GA.		Adjusted (Non-GAAP)							
In thousands, except per share amounts		2020		2019		2020		2019				
Revenue	\$	392,158	\$	498,362	\$	392,158	\$	498,362				
Net income	\$	32,726	\$	54,154	\$	34,532	\$	53,836				
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.79	\$	1.27	\$	0.84	\$	1.26				
EBITDA (non-GAAP measure)	\$	60,848	\$	90,292	\$	62,105	\$	89,823				
Weighted-average diluted shares		41,331		42,760		41,331		42,760				
		Twelve Months Ended December 31,										
	As Reported (GAAP) Adjusted (Non-GAA)											
In thousands, except per share amounts		2020		2019		2020	2019					
Revenue	\$	1,631,284	\$	1,864,439	\$	1,631,284	\$	1,864,439				
Net income	\$	106,579	\$	164,618	\$	125,153	\$	167,900				
Diluted earnings per share	\$	2.56	\$	3.81	\$	3.01	\$	3.89				
EBITDA (non-GAAP measure)	\$	213,608	\$	299,495	\$	236,974	\$	303,782				
Weighted-average diluted shares		41,600		43.208		41,600		43.208				

### **Consolidated Earnings Highlights**

- Due primarily to the impacts of COVID-19, diluted earnings per share for the fourth quarter decreased 38% on a GAAP basis and 33% on an adjusted non-GAAP basis compared to the prior-year quarter. For the full year, diluted earnings per share decreased 33% on a GAAP basis and 23% on an adjusted non-GAAP basis compared to the prior year. Comparative results for the quarter and full year were also impacted by the strategic exit from non-core consumer lending operations in 2020.
- Earnings results reflected expected revenue declines of 21% in the fourth quarter and 13% for the full year, which primarily related to the impacts of COVID-19 on pawn lending and reduced inventories. Despite the revenue contraction, the Company saw significant improvement in many key operating metrics during the fourth quarter:
  - Pawn loan demand increased sequentially in the fourth quarter with consolidated pawn loans up 14% compared to the third quarter, driving a similar sequential increase in pawn fees.
  - Retail sales margins were a record 42% in the fourth quarter, and significantly improved compared to 36% margins in the fourth quarter of last year. For the full year, retail margins were also a record at 40%, compared to 37% in 2019.
  - Inventory levels began to stabilize, increasing 13% sequentially in the fourth quarter compared to the third quarter. Inventory growth reflected the rebound in pawn activity coupled with the Company's ongoing focus on merchandise buys, which increased 10% over the prior-year quarter.
  - Retail sales increased sequentially by 9% compared to the third quarter while gross profit from retail sales increased by 11% driven by increased margins.
  - The Company continued its efforts to optimize expenses which resulted in a 10% reduction in store-level and administrative expenses compared to the prior-year quarter.
- Cash flow from operating activities for 2020 totaled \$222 million while adjusted free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, was \$293 million for 2020.

### **Acquisitions and Store Opening Highlights**

- The Company acquired 22 U.S. pawn stores during the fourth quarter of 2020, which included 12 stores in Texas, nine stores in North Carolina and one store in South Carolina.
- A total of 11 de novo pawn stores were opened in Latin America during the fourth quarter, which included 10 locations in Mexico and one in Guatemala.
- For the full year of 2020, a total of 137 stores were added, composed of 75 de novo stores and 40 acquired stores in Latin America and 22 acquired stores in the U.S.
- As of December 31, 2020, the Company operated 2,748 stores, with 1,702 stores in Latin America, representing 62% of the total store base, and 1,046 stores in the U.S that are located in 24 states and the District of Columbia. The Latin American locations include 1,616 stores in Mexico, 59 stores in Guatemala, 14 stores in Colombia and 13 stores in El Salvador.

### **U.S. Pawn Operations**

- During the fourth quarter, all 1,046 U.S. stores were operational, excluding a very limited number of temporary closures related to the Company's COVID-19 safety protocols.
- Pawn loan originations were down 10% for the quarter and 12% in December compared to the prior-year periods, representing a significant rebound since the second quarter when year-over-year originations were down approximately 48%. With improved origination activity, pawn balances grew sequentially, and at December 31, pawn loans were down 18% in total and 19% on a same-store basis compared to the prior year, versus the 40% decrease at the end of June and the 30% decrease at the end of September. Resulting total and same-store pawn fees were down 23% in the fourth quarter compared to the prior year, but improved over the 30% decreases in the third quarter.

- To augment retail inventories, the Company continued to emphasize direct "buys" of merchandise purchased from customers, and saw a 10% increase in the dollar volume of fourth quarter buys on a same-store basis compared to last year. Purchased inventories can be put up for sale faster and typically at better margins than forfeited collateral. Total same-store customer fundings, which are pawn loan originations plus buys, were down just 7% compared to the fourth quarter a year ago.
- Retail sales margins continued to expand, with the fourth quarter margin of 45% representing a sequential increase from the 44% margin in the third quarter and a significant improvement over the 39% margin in the same quarter last year. The incremental strength in retail margins reflect continued retail demand for value-priced pre-owned merchandise, increased buying of fresh merchandise from customers and lower levels of aged inventory, all of which limited the need for normal discounting. Full-year retail sales margins increased to 42% for 2020 compared to 38% in the prior year.
- Inventory levels at the end of the fourth quarter increased 13% compared to the previous sequential quarter, when normal trends see a sequential decline in inventory levels. The sequential increase was due primarily to rebounding pawn activity and the continued focus on buying merchandise from customers. While average fourth quarter inventory levels were down 30% compared to the prior year, retail sales in the fourth quarter were down only 17% in total and 18% on same-store basis compared to the prior-year quarter.
- Full-year total retail sales were essentially flat with the prior year, reflecting the durability of the pawn business despite the pandemic and competition from online retailers. The sales results generated inventory turnover rates of 3.2 times for 2020 compared to 2.8 times in 2019. Aged inventories were only 2% of total inventories at December 31, which improved compared to 3% a year ago.
- Wholesale scrap jewelry margins improved to 11% in the fourth quarter and 13% for the full year compared to 9% and 8% in the
  respective prior-year periods, as the Company benefited from increased gold prices. Net revenue from non-core scrap jewelry sales
  decreased 33% for the quarter and 1% year-to-date compared to the respective prior-year periods, primarily as a result of lower
  inventory levels.
- Store operating expenses decreased 9% in total and on a same-store basis compared to the prior-year quarter, reflecting the continued expense optimization efforts from reduced staffing levels through normal attrition, reduced store hours and other store-level cost saving initiatives. For the full year, store operating expenses decreased 4% in total and 3% on a same-store basis compared to the prior year.
- Segment pre-tax operating margin was 21% for the fourth quarter of 2020, a significant sequential improvement versus the 16% segment pre-tax operating margin for the previous sequential quarter and down only slightly compared to the 22% segment pre-tax operating margin for the prior-year quarter.

Note: Certain growth rates in "Latin America Pawn Operations" below are calculated on a constant currency basis, a non-GAAP financial measure defined at the end of this release. The average Mexican peso to U.S. dollar exchange rate for the fourth quarter of 2020 was 20.6 pesos / dollar, an unfavorable change of 7% versus the prior-year period, and for the twelve month period ended December 31, 2020 was 21.5 pesos / dollar, an unfavorable change of 11% versus the comparable prior-year period.

#### **Latin America Pawn Operations**

- Almost all of the Company's stores in Latin America are currently open and operating. During the fourth quarter, operations were
  nominally impacted by restricted operating days/hours in certain markets and other short-term closings due primarily to COVID-19
  safety protocols.
- Pawn loan origination volumes in Latin America continued to improve during the fourth quarter as same-store origination volumes in Mexico were down 13% for the quarter and 9% in December, which represented a continued recovery from the second and third quarter results. Resulting pawn loans outstanding at December 31 were down 13% on a U.S. dollar translated basis and 8% on a constant currency basis compared to the prior year, while same-store pawn loans at year end decreased 15% on a U.S. dollar translated basis and 10% on a constant currency basis.

- Pawn fees in the fourth quarter decreased 17% in total, or 12% on a constant currency basis, as compared to the prior-year quarter, but were improved compared to the third quarter. On a same-store basis, pawn fees decreased 19% on a U.S. dollar basis and were down 14% on a constant currency basis. For the full year, pawn fees decreased 21% and 12% compared to the prior year on a U.S. dollar and constant currency basis, respectively.
- Retail sales in the fourth quarter were impacted by a combination of lower beginning inventory levels, less government stimulus than in the U.S. markets and increased jewelry scrapping given the impact of the pandemic. Resulting retail sales for the fourth quarter decreased 30%, or 26% on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior-year quarter. Same-store retail sales decreased 32% on a U.S. dollar basis and 28% on a constant currency basis. For the full year, retail sales decreased 22% and 13% on a U.S. dollar and constant currency basis, respectively, compared to the prior year.
- Partially offsetting lower total retail sales, retail margins continued to strengthen and were 38% in the fourth quarter compared to 32% in the fourth quarter of 2019. For the full year, retail margins were 37% compared to 34% in the prior year. As in the U.S., the improved margins reflect fresher inventories and continued demand for popular value priced consumer electronics. As a result, gross profit from retail sales declined only 18% on a U.S. dollar basis and were down 13% on a constant currency basis in the fourth quarter. For the full year, gross profit from retail sales decreased 16% and 7% on a U.S. dollar and constant currency basis, respectively.
- Further reflecting the improved retail efficiency, inventories turned a record 4.3 times in 2020 compared to 3.8 turns in 2019, while inventories aged greater than one year as of December 31, 2020 remained extremely low at 2%.
- Net revenue from scrap jewelry sales was \$2 million for the quarter compared to \$1 million in the prior-year period as a result of
  increased margins and higher volumes from additional scraping activity, primarily in markets that were temporarily closed for retail
  activity due to COVID-19 restrictions.
- Store operating expenses decreased 12%, or 6% on a constant currency basis, while same-store operating expenses decreased 16%, or 10% on a constant currency basis, compared to the prior-year quarter. For the full year, store operating expenses decreased 10% and less than 1% compared to the prior year on a U.S. dollar and constant currency basis, respectively. Dollar-denominated and constant currency same-store operating expenses decreased 15% and 6%, respectively, compared to the prior year. The reduction in operating expenses reflects the continued expense optimization efforts from reduced staffing levels through normal attrition, reduced store hours and other store level cost saving initiatives.
- Driven by improvements in gross margins and expense savings, segment pre-tax operating margin was 21% for the fourth quarter of 2020 (20% on a constant currency basis), which was a sequential improvement over the 19% segment pre-tax operating margin for the previous sequential quarter and was equal to the prior-year segment margin despite the revenue contraction experienced in 2020.

### Liquidity and Shareholder Returns

- The Company's strong liquidity position includes cash balances at year end of \$66 million and anticipated availability under bank lines of credit of approximately \$200 million during the first quarter of 2021.
- The Company generated \$222 million in cash flow from operations and \$293 million in adjusted free cash flow during 2020 compared to \$232 million of cash flow from operations and \$223 million of adjusted free cash flow during 2019.
- The Company utilized its cash flow and liquidity to invest \$127 million in acquisitions, capital expenditures, primarily for new stores, and purchases of store real estate during 2020, which included \$69 million of such investments in the fourth quarter alone.
- The Board of Directors declared a \$0.27 per share first quarter cash dividend on common shares outstanding, which will be paid on February 26, 2021 to stockholders of record as of February 12, 2021.

This represents an annualized cash dividend of \$1.08 per share. Any future dividends are subject to approval by the Company's Board of Directors.

- During the fourth quarter, the Company repurchased 446,000 shares at an aggregate cost of \$27 million. For the full year, the Company repurchased 1,427,000 shares at an aggregate cost of \$107 million.
- On January 27, 2021, the Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase authorization of up to \$100 million of common shares. The Company had \$22 million remaining under its previous share repurchase authorization, bringing the total amount of currently authorized share repurchases to \$122 million. Future share repurchases are subject to expected liquidity, acquisition opportunities, debt covenant restrictions and other relevant factors.

### 2021 Outlook

Given continued uncertainties related to COVID-19, including the timeline for full reopening of the economies in the markets the Company serves and the related impacts from governmental responses, the Company is not currently providing earnings guidance. The following factors are expected to impact operating trends in 2021:

- <u>Impact of COVID-19</u>: The extent to which COVID-19 continues to impact the Company's operations will depend on future developments, which are uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the ongoing duration and severity of the outbreak and governmental responses including operating restrictions and economic stimulus programs. Additionally, the Company also continues to experience COVID-19 related operating restrictions in certain Latin American markets.
  - U.S. pawn loan demand dampened slightly in the first two weeks of January 2021, which the Company attributes to additional federal stimulus payments in late December and early January (\$600 for most eligible people), which created additional short-term liquidity for many U.S. customers. While same-store origination volumes were down year-over-year by approximately 25% to 30% during the first two weeks of January, originations in the second half of the month have quickly rebounded to levels closer to what the Company experienced during the fourth quarter of 2020. Resulting same-store pawn loans, which were down 19% at year end, are down 24% as of January 27th compared to the prior year.
  - While the most recent round of U.S. stimulus payments appear to be significantly less impactful compared to the initial stimulus payments in 2020, the normalization of loan demand will likely be tempered in the short term. Other variables which could affect the pace of recovery include the timing and size of first quarter income tax refunds and the scope and duration of additional stimulus programs currently under legislative consideration.
  - In Latin America, pawn loan demand remains steady with same-store originations and balances thus far in January similar to December results. While there continue to be operating restrictions, such as reduced hours and weekend closures in several markets, there still appear to be no significant consumer stimulus payment programs under consideration in these countries.
  - While inventory levels in both the U.S. and Latin America have generally stabilized, they remain below historical levels, which is expected to negatively impact 2021 retail sales compared to the prior year, especially in the first half of 2021. Partially offsetting lower sales volumes, retail margin trends for January remain consistent with the record margins experienced in the fourth quarter of 2020.
- <u>Currency volatility:</u> Global economic uncertainty due to the COVID-19 pandemic has increased the volatility of certain currencies, including the Mexican peso, in relation to the U.S. dollar. The peso traded in a range of approximately 18.5 25.0 to 1 during 2020 with an average exchange rate of 21.5 to 1. For 2021, the Company estimates that each full Mexican peso change in the exchange rate to the U.S. dollar represents approximately \$0.08 to \$0.10 per share of annualized earnings impact to the Company.
- *Income tax rate*: For the full year of 2021, the effective income tax rate, under current codes in the U.S. and Mexico, is expected to range from 27% to 28% compared to 25.8% in 2020.

• <u>New store openings, consolidations and repositioning:</u> Despite the challenges presented by COVID-19, including significant construction, utility and permitting delays, the Company has a solid pipeline of additional stores leased, under construction or completed and awaiting permits. While there continue to be COVID-19 related operating challenges in many expansion markets, the Company expects 50 to 60 new store openings in 2021. In addition, the Company believes there are significant opportunities for accretive consolidations, expansions and/or relocations of acquired small format stores in Mexico, for which it expects to complete repositioning 20 to 30 of such units.

#### **Additional Commentary and Analysis**

Mr. Wessel further commented on the 2020 results, "We learned many things managing the business through the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company focused first on employee and customer safety and also made it a priority to retain our skilled workforce necessary to support the business as it recovers. We also learned to operate the business more efficiently in many ways, such as operating with reduced, but faster turning inventories which generated higher gross retail margins. Additionally, we focused on optimizing both store and corporate operating costs. Although some of these costs, such as employee staffing, will grow in 2021 versus last year as the business normalizes, we believe that we will continue to realize savings and maintain higher long-term profit margins as a result of these initiatives.

"As we enter 2021, pawn demand in Latin America, and Mexico in particular, continues to strengthen with new loan originations approaching prior-year levels. While U.S. pawn demand has dampened slightly in early January, due primarily to government stimulus payments, we continue to believe that the overall impact of COVID-19 and government stimulus payments will be less impactful to the business than what we experienced in 2020.

"Our store growth was especially impressive during 2020, given its many challenges. Safely opening 75 new stores in three countries in the midst of a pandemic was a remarkable achievement and was due to the incredible efforts of our best in class store development and operations teams. In addition, we successfully executed on several acquisitions in 2020, which added 40 stores in Mexico and another 22 stores in the U.S. Given the impact of the pandemic and the fourth quarter timing of the U.S. additions, these acquisitions were nominally accretive to our 2020 results, but are expected to provide a more meaningful boost in revenue and earnings in 2021 and beyond.

"FirstCash's total store base now stands at approximately 2,750 locations and we see a pipeline for continued growth through further acquisitions and de novo openings in 2021. There is also opportunity to optimize and operate our store base more efficiently through selective store consolidations, primarily in Mexico, where we have acquired a significant number of locations over the past several years. We believe that there is the potential for 20 to 30 store consolidations and/or relocations in 2021 where we can increase retail visibility with more attractive locations while also reducing costs and enhancing profitability. We also believe there are opportunities to negotiate better long-term store leases in the current retail environment, and we continue to acquire store real estate when it makes sense strategically and is financially accretive. As of year end, we owned approximately 200 of our locations, primarily in our key U.S. markets.

"Despite the impacts of the pandemic, the Company's balance sheet and cash flows remain strong. In August, we refinanced our senior notes at a significantly lower interest rate while extending the maturity to the year 2028. Even with the store openings, acquisitions and share repurchases during 2020, we reduced year-end net debt outstanding by \$31 million compared to a year ago. We believe FirstCash's balance sheet and cash flows can support the expected further recovery in pawn loans and inventories and fund continued store growth, while also maintaining our dividend and continuing our stock repurchase program.

"In summary, we are very proud of our accomplishments in 2020 and believe that we are well positioned for improved performance in 2021," concluded Rick Wessel, chief executive officer.

#### About FirstCash

FirstCash is the leading international operator of pawn stores with approximately 2,750 retail pawn locations and 17,000 employees in 24 U.S. states, the District of Columbia and four countries in Latin America including Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador and Colombia. FirstCash focuses on serving cash and credit constrained consumers through its retail pawn locations, which buy and sell a wide variety of jewelry, electronics, tools, appliances, sporting goods, musical instruments and other merchandise, and make small consumer pawn loans secured by pledged personal property.

FirstCash is a component company in both the **Standard & Poor's MidCap 400 Index**® and the **Russell 2000 Index**®. FirstCash's common stock (ticker symbol "**FCFS**") is traded on the Nasdaq, the creator of the world's first electronic stock market. For additional information regarding FirstCash and the services it provides, visit FirstCash's website located at <a href="http://www.firstcash.com">http://www.firstcash.com</a>.

### **Forward-Looking Information**

This release contains forward-looking statements about the business, financial condition and prospects of FirstCash, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries (together, the "Company"). Forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "outlook," "believes," "projects," "expects," "may," "estimates," "should," "plans," "targets," "intends," "could," "would," "anticipates," "potential," "confident," "optimistic," or the negative thereof, or other variations thereon, or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy, objectives, estimates, guidance, expectations and future plans. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by the fact that these statements do not relate strictly to historical or current matters. Rather, forward-looking statements relate to anticipated or expected events, activities, trends or results. Because forward-looking statements relate to matters that have not yet occurred, these statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties.

While the Company believes the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are reasonable, there can be no assurances such expectations will prove to be accurate. Security holders are cautioned such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. Certain factors may cause results to differ materially from those anticipated by the forward-looking statements made in this release. Such factors may include, without limitation, the risks, uncertainties and regulatory developments (1) related to the COVID-19 pandemic, which include risks and uncertainties related to the current unknown duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, including any variants of the COVID-19 virus, the timing, availability and efficacy of the COVID-19 vaccines in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates, the impact of governmental responses that have been, and may in the future be, imposed in response to the pandemic, including stimulus programs which could adversely impact lending demand and regulations which could adversely affect the Company's ability to continue to fully operate, potential changes in consumer behavior and shopping patterns which could impact demand for both the Company's pawn loan and retail products, the deterioration in the economic conditions in the United States and Latin America which potentially could have an impact on discretionary consumer spending, and currency fluctuations, primarily involving the Mexican peso and (2) those risks and other factors discussed and described in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including the risks described in Part 1, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" thereof, and in the other reports filed subsequently by the Company with the SEC. Many of these risks and uncertainties are beyond the ability of the Company to control, nor can the Company predict, in many cases, all of the risks and uncertainties that could cause its actual results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this release speak only as of the date of this release, and the Company expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to report any updates or revisions to any such statement to reflect any change in the Company's expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based, except as required by law.

### FIRSTCASH, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Mo	nths E	Ended	Twelve Months Ended					
	Decen	nber 3	1,	December 31,					
	2020		2019		2020		2019		
Revenue:									
Retail merchandise sales	\$ 256,507	\$	331,208	\$	1,075,518	\$	1,175,561		
Pawn loan fees	113,842		143,830		457,517		564,824		
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales	21,796		21,524		96,233		103,876		
Consumer loan and credit services fees	 13		1,800		2,016		20,178		
Total revenue	 392,158		498,362		1,631,284		1,864,439		
Cost of revenue:									
Cost of retail merchandise sold	147,651		211,643		641,087		745,861		
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold	18,524		19,125		79,546		96,072		
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision	(8)		330		(488)		4,159		
Total cost of revenue	166,167		231,098		720,145		846,092		
Net revenue	 225,991		267,264		911,139		1,018,347		
Expenses and other income:									
Store operating expenses	135,546		150,521		562,158		595,539		
Administrative expenses	25,289		27,908		110,931		122,334		
Depreciation and amortization	10,681		10,846		42,105		41,904		
Interest expense	7,391		8,195		29,344		34,035		
Interest income	(331)		(267)		(1,540)		(1,055)		
Merger and acquisition expenses	1,107		256		1,316		1,766		
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange	(755)		(1,713)		884		(787)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		_		11,737				
Write-offs and impairments of certain lease intangibles and other assets	 3,956		<u> </u>		10,505		<u> </u>		
Total expenses and other income	 182,884		195,746		767,440		793,736		
Income before income taxes	43,107		71,518		143,699		224,611		
Provision for income taxes	 10,381		17,364		37,120		59,993		
Net income	\$ 32,726	\$	54,154	\$	106,579	\$	164,618		
Earnings per share:									
Basic	\$ 0.79	\$	1.27	\$	2.57	\$	3.83		
Diluted	0.79		1.27		2.56		3.81		
Weighted-average shares outstanding:									
Basic	41,218		42,534		41,502		43,020		
Diluted	41,331		42,760		41,600		43,208		
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.27	\$	0.27	\$	1.08	\$	1.02		

### FIRSTCASH, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, in thousands)

	December 31,					
		2020		2019		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	65,850	\$	46,527		
Fees and service charges receivable		41,110		46,686		
Pawn loans		308,231		369,527		
Consumer loans, net		_		751		
Inventories		190,352		265,256		
Income taxes receivable		9,634		875		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		9,388		11,367		
Total current assets		624,565		740,989		
Property and equipment, net		373,667		336,167		
Operating lease right of use asset		298,957		304,549		
Goodwill		977,381		948,643		
Intangible assets, net		83,651		85,875		
Other assets		9,818		11,506		
Deferred tax assets		4,158		11,711		
Total assets	\$	2,372,197	\$	2,439,440		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	81,917	\$	72,398		
Customer deposits		34,719		39,736		
Income taxes payable		1,148		4,302		
Lease liability, current		88,622		86,466		
Total current liabilities		206,406		202,902		
Revolving unsecured credit facilities		123,000		335,000		
Senior unsecured notes		492,916		296,568		
Deferred tax liabilities		71,173		61,431		
Lease liability, non-current		194,887		193,504		
Total liabilities		1,088,382		1,089,405		
Stockholders' equity:						
Common stock		493		493		
Additional paid-in capital		1,221,788		1,231,528		
Retained earnings		789,303		727,476		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(118,432)		(96,969)		
Common stock held in treasury, at cost	<u></u>	(609,337)		(512,493)		
Total stockholders' equity		1,283,815		1,350,035		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,372,197	\$	2,439,440		

### FIRSTCASH, INC. OPERATING INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The Company's reportable segments are as follows:

- · U.S. operations
- · Latin America operations includes operations in Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador and Colombia

The Company provides revenues, cost of revenues, store operating expenses, pre-tax operating income and earning assets by segment. Store operating expenses include salary and benefit expense of store-level employees, occupancy costs, bank charges, security, insurance, utilities, supplies and other costs incurred by the stores.

### **U.S. Operations Segment Results**

The following table details earning assets, which consist of pawn loans, inventories and unsecured consumer loans, net, as well as other earning asset metrics of the U.S. operations segment as of December 31, 2020 as compared to December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands, except as otherwise noted):

		As of De	r 31,	Increase /	
		2020		2019	(Decrease)
U.S. Operations Segment					
Earning assets: Pawn loans	\$	220 201	\$	268,793	(19)0/
Inventories	Ф	220,391 136,109	Ф	181,320	(18)% (25)%
Consumer loans, net (1)		130,109		751	(100)%
Consumer roans, net	\$	356,500	\$	450,864	
	Ψ	330,300	Ψ	430,004	(21)%
Average outstanding pawn loan amount (in ones)	\$	198	\$	177	12 %
Composition of pawn collateral:					
General merchandise		33 %		34 %	
Jewelry		67 %		66 %	
		100 %		100 %	
Composition of inventories:					
General merchandise		46 %		47 %	
Jewelry		54 %		53 %	
•		100 %		100 %	
Percentage of inventory aged greater than one year		2 %		3 %	
Inventory turns (trailing twelve months cost of merchandise sales divided by average inventories)		3.2 times		2.8 times	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective June 30, 2020, the Company ceased offering unsecured consumer lending and credit services products, which include all payday and installment loans, in the U.S.

The following table presents segment pre-tax operating income and other operating metrics of the U.S. operations segment for the three months ended December 31, 2020 as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

		nded			
		Increase /			
		2020	2019	(Decrease)	
U.S. Operations Segment	·		-		
Revenue:					
Retail merchandise sales	\$	163,753	\$	198,302	(17)%
Pawn loan fees		74,500		96,268	(23)%
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales		7,678		14,871	(48)%
Consumer loan and credit services fees (1)		13		1,800	(99)%
Total revenue		245,944	_	311,241	(21)%
Cost of revenue:					
Cost of retail merchandise sold		90,075		121,777	(26)%
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold		6,830		13,601	(50)%
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision (1)		(8)		330	(102)%
Total cost of revenue		96,897	_	135,708	(29)%
Net revenue		149,047	_	175,533	(15)%
Segment expenses:					
Store operating expenses		92,941		102,300	(9)%
Depreciation and amortization		5,391		5,333	1 %
Total segment expenses		98,332		107,633	(9)%
Segment pre-tax operating income	\$	50,715	\$	67,900	(25)%
Operating metrics:					
Retail merchandise sales margin		45 %	,	39 %	
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales margin		11 %	,	9 %	
Net revenue margin		61 %		56 %	
Segment pre-tax operating margin		21 %	•	22 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective June 30, 2020, the Company ceased offering unsecured consumer lending and credit services products, which include all payday and installment loans, in the U.S.

The following table presents segment pre-tax operating income and other operating metrics of the U.S. operations segment for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 as compared to the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

		Twelve M	onths E	nded	
		Increase /			
		2020		2019	(Decrease)
U.S. Operations Segment				•	
Revenue:					
Retail merchandise sales	\$	720,281	\$	722,127	<u> </u>
Pawn loan fees		310,437		379,395	(18)%
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales		45,405		71,813	(37)%
Consumer loan and credit services fees (1)		2,016		20,178	(90)%
Total revenue		1,078,139		1,193,513	(10)%
Cost of revenue:					
Cost of retail merchandise sold		415,938		447,911	(7)%
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold		39,584		65,941	(40)%
Consumer loan and credit services loss provision (1)		(488)		4,159	(112)%
Total cost of revenue		455,034		518,011	(12)%
Net revenue		623,105		675,502	(8)%
Segment expenses:					
Store operating expenses		396,627		412,508	(4)%
Depreciation and amortization		21,743		20,860	4 %
Total segment expenses		418,370		433,368	(3)%
Segment pre-tax operating income	<u>\$</u>	204,735	\$	242,134	(15)%
Operating metrics:					
Retail merchandise sales margin		42 %	•	38 %	
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales margin		13 %	•	8 %	
Net revenue margin		58 %	•	57 %	
Segment pre-tax operating margin		19 %	•	20 %	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective June 30, 2020, the Company ceased offering unsecured consumer lending and credit services products, which include all payday and installment loans, in the U.S.

### **Latin America Operations Segment Results**

The Company's management reviews and analyzes operating results in Latin America on a constant currency basis because the Company believes this better represents the Company's underlying business trends. Constant currency results are non-GAAP financial measures, which exclude the effects of foreign currency translation and are calculated by translating current-year results at prior-year average exchange rates. The wholesale scrap jewelry sales in Latin America are priced and settled in U.S. dollars and are not affected by foreign currency translation, as are a small percentage of the operating and administrative expenses in Latin America, which are billed and paid in U.S. dollars. Amounts presented on a constant currency basis are denoted as such. See the "Constant Currency Results" section below for additional discussion of constant currency results.

The following table provides exchange rates for the Mexican peso, Guatemalan quetzal and Colombian peso for the current and prior-year periods:

	December	December 31,			
	2020	2019	(Unfavorable)		
Mexican peso / U.S. dollar exchange rate:					
End-of-period	19.9	18.8	(6)%		
Three months ended	20.6	19.3	(7)%		
Twelve months ended	21.5	19.3	(11)%		
Guatemalan quetzal / U.S. dollar exchange rate:					
End-of-period	7.8	7.7	(1)%		
Three months ended	7.8	7.7	(1)%		
Twelve months ended	7.7	7.7	— %		
Colombian peso / U.S. dollar exchange rate:					
End-of-period	3,433	3,277	(5)%		
Three months ended	3,662	3,404	(8)%		
Twelve months ended	3,693	3,280	(13)%		

The following table details earning assets, which consist of pawn loans and inventories as well as other earning asset metrics of the Latin America operations segment as of December 31, 2020 as compared to December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands, except as otherwise noted):

						 Constant Cu	rrency Basis
		As of Decem		31, 2019	Increase / (Decrease)	As of cember 31, 2020 on-GAAP)	Increase / (Decrease) (Non-GAAP)
<b>Latin America Operations Segment</b>							
Earning assets:							
Pawn loans	\$	87,840	\$	100,734	(13)%	\$ 92,802	(8)%
Inventories		54,243		83,936	(35)%	 57,289	(32)%
	\$	142,083	\$	184,670	(23)%	\$ 150,091	(19)%
Average outstanding pawn loan amount (in							
ones)	\$	78	\$	71	10 %	\$ 82	15 %
Composition of pawn collateral:							
General merchandise		64 %		67 %			
Jewelry		36 %		33 %			
	_	100 %		100 %			
Composition of inventories:							
General merchandise		56 %		66 %			
Jewelry		44 %		34 %			
		100 %		100 %			
Percentage of inventory aged greater than one year		2 %		1 %			
Inventory turns (trailing twelve months cost of merchandise sales divided by average inventories)	f	4.3 times		3.8 times			

The following table presents segment pre-tax operating income and other operating metrics of the Latin America operations segment for the three months ended December 31, 2020 as compared to the three months ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

						Constant Cu	rrency Basis
					T	hree Months Ended	
	Three Mo	onths E	nded	D	ecember 31,	Increase /	
	 Decei	mber 31, In		Increase /		2020	(Decrease)
	2020		2019	(Decrease)	(1)	Non-GAAP)	(Non-GAAP)
<b>Latin America Operations Segment</b>			_				
Revenue:							
Retail merchandise sales	\$ 92,754	\$	132,906	(30)%	\$	98,976	(26)%
Pawn loan fees	39,342		47,562	(17)%		41,993	(12)%
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales	14,118		6,653	112 %		14,118	112 %
Total revenue	 146,214		187,121	(22)%		155,087	(17)%
Cost of revenue:							
Cost of retail merchandise sold	57,576		89,866	(36)%		61,433	(32)%
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold	11,694		5,524	112 %		12,465	126 %
Total cost of revenue	69,270		95,390	(27)%		73,898	(23)%
Net revenue	 76,944		91,731	(16)%		81,189	(11)%
Segment expenses:							
Store operating expenses	42,605		48,221	(12)%		45,263	(6)%
Depreciation and amortization	4,248		3,947	8 %		4,510	14 %
Total segment expenses	 46,853		52,168	(10)%		49,773	(5)%
Segment pre-tax operating income	\$ 30,091	\$	39,563	(24)%	\$	31,416	(21)%
Operating metrics:							
Retail merchandise sales margin	38 %		32 %			38 %	
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales margin	17 %		17 %			12 %	
Net revenue margin	53 %		49 %			52 %	
Segment pre-tax operating margin	21 %		21 %			20 %	

The following table presents segment pre-tax operating income and other operating metrics of the Latin America operations segment for the twelve months ended December 31, 2020 as compared to the twelve months ended December 31, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

							Constant Curi	rency Basis	
						Tv	velve Months		
							Ended		
		Twelve Mo	onths E	Ended		D	ecember 31,	Increase /	
		Decen	nber 31	l,	Increase /		2020	(Decrease)	
	· ·	2020		2019	(Decrease)	(1	Non-GAAP)	(Non-GAAP)	
<b>Latin America Operations Segment</b>									
Revenue:									
Retail merchandise sales	\$	355,237	\$	453,434	(22)%	\$	394,691	(13)%	
Pawn loan fees		147,080		185,429	(21)%		163,459	(12)%	
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales		50,828		32,063	59 %		50,828	59 %	
Total revenue		553,145		670,926	(18)%		608,978	(9)%	
Cost of revenue:									
Cost of retail merchandise sold		225,149		297,950	(24)%		250,095	(16)%	
Cost of wholesale scrap jewelry sold		39,962		30,131	33 %		44,433	47 %	
Total cost of revenue		265,111		328,081	(19)%		294,528	(10)%	
Net revenue		288,034		342,845	(16)%		314,450	(8)%	
Segment expenses:									
Store operating expenses		165,531		183,031	(10)%		182,532	<b>—</b> %	
Depreciation and amortization		15,816		14,626	8 %		17,411	— / <sub>0</sub> 19 %	
Total segment expenses		181,347				-	199,943	1 %	
rotai segment expenses		101,34/		197,657	(8)%		199,943	1 70	
Segment pre-tax operating income	\$	106,687	\$	145,188	(27)%	\$	114,507	(21)%	
Operating metrics:									
Retail merchandise sales margin		37 %		34 %			37 %		
Wholesale scrap jewelry sales margin		21 %		6 %			13 %		
Net revenue margin		52 %		51 %			52 %		
Segment pre-tax operating margin		19 %		22 %			19 %		

### **Consolidated Results of Operations**

The following table reconciles pre-tax operating income of the Company's U.S. operations segment and Latin America operations segment discussed above to consolidated net income (in thousands):

		Three Mo			Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2020			2019		2020	2019		
Consolidated Results of Operations									
Segment pre-tax operating income:									
U.S. operations	\$	50,715	\$	67,900	\$	204,735	\$	242,134	
Latin America operations		30,091		39,563		106,687		145,188	
Consolidated segment pre-tax operating income		80,806		107,463		311,422		387,322	
Corporate expenses and other income:									
Administrative expenses		25,289		27,908		110,931		122,334	
Depreciation and amortization		1,042		1,566		4,546		6,418	
Interest expense		7,391		8,195		29,344		34,035	
Interest income		(331)		(267)		(1,540)		(1,055)	
Merger and acquisition expenses		1,107		256		1,316		1,766	
(Gain) loss on foreign exchange		(755)		(1,713)		884		(787)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_		11,737		_	
Write-offs and impairments of certain lease intangibles and other assets		3,956		_		10,505		_	
Total corporate expenses and other income		37,699		35,945		167,723		162,711	
Income before income taxes		43,107		71,518		143,699		224,611	
Provision for income taxes		10,381		17,364		37,120		59,993	
Net income	\$	32,726	\$	54,154	\$	106,579	\$	164,618	

### FIRSTCASH, INC. STORE COUNT ACTIVITY

The following tables detail store count activity:

Three Month	s Ended De	cember 31	2020
THICC MOUNT	s chaca De	cennoer 3	///////////////////////////////////////

	U.S.	Latin America	
	Operations Segment	Operations Segment	Total Locations
Total locations, beginning of period	1,030	1,720	2,750
New locations opened	_	11	11
Locations acquired	22	<del>_</del>	22
Consolidation of existing pawn locations (1)	(6)	(29)	(35)
Total locations, end of period	1,046	1,702	2,748

Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020

	U.S.	Latin America	
	Operations Segment	Operations Segment	Total Locations
Total locations, beginning of period	1,056	1,623	2,679
New locations opened	_	75	75
Locations acquired	22	40	62
Closure of consumer loan stores (2)	(13)	_	(13)
Consolidation of existing pawn locations (1)	(19)	(36)	(55)
Total locations, end of period	1,046	1,702	2,748

<sup>(1)</sup> Store consolidations were primarily acquired locations over the past four years which have been combined with overlapping stores and for which the Company expects to maintain a significant portion of the acquired customer base in the consolidated location.

<sup>(2)</sup> Effective June 30, 2020, the Company ceased offering unsecured consumer lending and credit services products, which include all payday and installment loans, in the U.S.

The Company uses certain financial calculations such as adjusted net income, adjusted diluted earnings per share, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, free cash flow, adjusted free cash flow and constant currency results as factors in the measurement and evaluation of the Company's operating performance and period-over-period growth. The Company derives these financial calculations on the basis of methodologies other than generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), primarily by excluding from a comparable GAAP measure certain items the Company does not consider to be representative of its actual operating performance. These financial calculations are "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined under the SEC rules. The Company uses these non-GAAP financial measures in operating its business because management believes they are less susceptible to variances in actual operating performance that can result from the excluded items, other infrequent charges and currency fluctuations. The Company presents these financial measures to investors because management believes they are useful to investors in evaluating the primary factors that drive the Company's core operating performance and provide greater transparency into the Company's results of operations. However, items that are excluded and other adjustments and assumptions that are made in calculating these non-GAAP financial measures are significant components in understanding and assessing the Company's financial performance. These non-GAAP financial measures should be evaluated in conjunction with, and are not a substitute for, the Company's GAAP financial measures. Further, because these non-GAAP financial measures are not determined in accordance with GAAP and are thus susceptible to varying calculations, the non-GAAP financial measures, as presented, may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

While acquisitions are an important part of the Company's overall strategy, the Company has adjusted the applicable financial calculations to exclude merger and acquisition expenses to allow more accurate comparisons of the financial results to prior periods. In addition, the Company does not consider these merger and acquisition expenses to be related to the organic operations of the acquired businesses or its continuing operations and such expenses are generally not relevant to assessing or estimating the long-term performance of the acquired businesses. Merger and acquisition expenses include incremental costs directly associated with merger and acquisition activities, including professional fees, legal expenses, severance, retention and other employee-related costs, contract breakage costs and costs related to the consolidation of technology systems and corporate facilities, among others.

The Company has certain leases in Mexico which are denominated in U.S. dollars. The lease liability of these U.S. dollar denominated leases, which is considered a monetary liability, is remeasured into Mexican pesos using current period exchange rates resulting in the recognition of foreign currency exchange gains or losses. The Company has adjusted the applicable financial measures to exclude these remeasurement gains or losses because they are non-cash, non-operating items that could create volatility in the Company's consolidated results of operations due to the magnitude of the end of period lease liability being remeasured and to improve comparability of current periods presented with prior periods due to the adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2019.

In conjunction with the Cash America merger in 2016, the Company recorded certain lease intangibles related to above or below market lease liabilities of Cash America which are included in the operating lease right of use asset on the consolidated balance sheets. As the Company continues to opportunistically purchase real estate from landlords at certain Cash America stores, the associated lease intangible, if any, is written-off and gain or loss is recognized. The Company has adjusted the applicable financial measures to exclude these gains or losses given the variability in size and timing of these transactions and because they are non-cash, non-operating gains or losses. The Company believes this improves comparability of operating results for current periods presented with prior periods.

### Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share

Management believes the presentation of adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share provides investors with greater transparency and provides a more complete understanding of the Company's financial performance and prospects for the future by excluding items that management believes are non-operating in nature and not representative of the Company's core operating performance of its continuing operations. In addition, management believes the adjustments shown below are useful to investors in order to allow them to compare the Company's financial results for the current periods presented with the prior periods presented.

The following table provides a reconciliation between net income and diluted earnings per share calculated in accordance with GAAP to adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share, which are shown net of tax (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended December 31,							Twelve Months Ended December 31,								
		202	0	2019				2020					2019			
	In Thousar	ıds	Per Share		In Thousands	P	er Share	In	Thousands	F	er Share	In	Thousands	Pe	r Share	
Net income and diluted earnings per share, as reported	\$ 32,7	26	\$ 0.79		\$ 54,154	\$	1.27	\$	106,579	\$	2.56	\$	164,618	\$	3.81	
Adjustments, net of tax:																
Merger and acquisition expenses	8	39	0.02		179		_		991		0.02		1,276		0.03	
Non-cash foreign currency (gain) loss related to lease liability	(1,5	<b>79</b> )	(0.04)	)	(619)		(0.01)		874		0.02		(653)		(0.01)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_	_		_		_		9,037		0.22		_		_	
Non-cash write-off of certain Cash America merger related lease intangibles	1,8	53	0.05		_		_		5,432		0.13		_		_	
Non-cash impairment of certain other assets (1)			_		_		_		1,463		0.04		_		_	
Accrual of pre-merger Cash America income tax liability	6	93	0.02		_		_		693		0.02		_		_	
Consumer lending wind-down costs and asset impairments		_	_		122		_		84				2,659		0.06	
Adjusted net income and diluted earnings per share	\$ 34,5	32	\$ 0.84		\$ 53,836	\$	1.26	\$	125,153	\$	3.01	\$	167,900	\$	3.89	

<sup>(1)</sup> Impairment related to a non-operating asset in which the Company determined that an other than temporary impairment existed as of March 31, 2020.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the gross amounts, the impact of income taxes and the net amounts for the adjustments included in the table above (in thousands):

Three Months Ended December 31,

2020					2019						
Pre-tax		Tax		I	After-tax		Pre-tax		Tax	After-tax	
\$	1,107	\$	268	\$	839	\$	256	\$	77	\$	179
	(2,256)		(677)		(1,579)		(884)		(265)		(619)
	2,406		553		1,853		_		_		_
	_		(693)		693		_		_		_
							159		37		122
\$	1,257	\$	(549)	\$	1,806	\$	(469)	\$	(151)	\$	(318)
Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2020 2019											
	Pre-tax		Tax	I	After-tax		Pre-tax		Tax	Α	fter-tax
\$	1,316	\$	325	\$	991	\$	1,766	\$	490	\$	1,276
	1,249		375		874		(933)		(280)		(653)
	11,737		2,700		9,037		_		_		_
	7,055		1,623		5,432		_		_		_
	1,900		437		1,463						
	_		(693)		693		_		_		_
	109		25		84		3,454		795		2,659
\$	23,366	\$	4,792	\$	18,574	\$	4,287	\$	1,005	\$	3,282
	\$ 	\$ 1,107 (2,256) 2,406 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,107   \$ (2,256)   \$ 2,406   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$	Pre-tax         Tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268           \$ (2,256)         (677)           2,406         553           —         (693)           —         \$ (549)           Tw         2020           Pre-tax         Tax           \$ 1,316         \$ 325           1,249         375           11,737         2,700           7,055         1,623           1,900         437           —         (693)           109         25	Pre-tax         Tax         A           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$           \$ (2,256)         (677)           2,406         553           —         (693)           —         \$ (549)         \$           \$ 1,257         \$ (549)         \$           Twelve           2020         Pre-tax         Tax         \$           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         \$           \$ 1,249         375         \$           \$ 11,737         2,700         \$           \$ 7,055         1,623         \$           \$ 1,900         437         \$           —         (693)         \$           \$ 109         25	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         839           (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)           2,406         553         1,853           —         (693)         693           —         —         —           \$ 1,257         \$ (549)         \$ 1,806           Twelve Months Engles           2020           Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         \$ 991           1,249         375         874           11,737         2,700         9,037           7,055         1,623         5,432           1,900         437         1,463           —         (693)         693           109         25         84	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$ 839         \$           \$ (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)           2,406         553         1,853           —         (693)         693           —         \$ (549)         \$ 1,806         \$           Twelve Months Ender           2020         Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         \$           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         \$ 991         \$           \$ 1,249         375         874           \$ 11,737         2,700         9,037           7,055         1,623         5,432           \$ 1,900         437         1,463           —         (693)         693           \$ 109         25         84	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$ 839         \$ 256           (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)         (884)           2,406         553         1,853         —           —         (693)         693         —           —         —         —         159           \$ 1,257         \$ (549)         \$ 1,806         \$ (469)           Twelve Months Ended December           2020           Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         991         \$ 1,766           1,249         375         874         (933)           11,737         2,700         9,037         —           7,055         1,623         5,432         —           1,900         437         1,463         —           —         (693)         693         —           —         (693)         693         —           109         25         84         3,454	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$ 839         \$ 256         \$           \$ (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)         (884)           2,406         553         1,853         —           —         (693)         693         —           —         —         159	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax         Tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$ 839         \$ 256         \$ 77           (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)         (884)         (265)           2,406         553         1,853         —         —           —         (693)         693         —         —           —         —         —         159         37           \$ 1,257         \$ (549)         \$ 1,806         \$ (469)         \$ (151)           Twelve Months Ended December 31,           Twelve Months Ended December 31,           Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax         Tax           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         \$ 991         \$ 1,766         \$ 490           1,249         375         874         (933)         (280)           11,737         2,700         9,037         —         —           7,055         1,623         5,432         —         —           1,900         437         1,463         —         —           —         (693)         693         —         —           —         (693)	Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax           \$ 1,107         \$ 268         \$ 839         \$ 256         \$ 77         \$           (2,256)         (677)         (1,579)         (884)         (265)           2,406         553         1,853         —         —           —         (693)         693         —         —           —         —         —         159         37           \$ 1,257         \$ (549)         \$ 1,806         \$ (469)         \$ (151)         \$           Twelve Months Ended December 31,           Twelve Months Ended December 31,           Twelve Months Ended December 31,           Pre-tax         Tax         After-tax         Pre-tax         Tax         A           \$ 1,316         \$ 325         \$ 991         \$ 1,766         \$ 490         \$           \$ 1,249         375         874         (933)         (280)           \$ 11,737         2,700         9,037         —         —           \$ 7,055         1,623         5,432         —         —           \$ 1,900         437         1,463         —

### Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) and Adjusted EBITDA

The Company defines EBITDA as net income before income taxes, depreciation and amortization, interest expense and interest income and adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA adjusted for certain items as listed below that management considers to be non-operating in nature and not representative of its actual operating performance. The Company believes EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are commonly used by investors to assess a company's financial performance, and adjusted EBITDA is used in the calculation of the net debt ratio as defined in the Company's senior unsecured notes covenants. The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Twelve Mor Decemb				
Net income		2020	2	2019	2020		2019		
		32,726	\$	54,154	\$ 106,579	\$	164,618		
Income taxes		10,381		17,364	37,120		59,993		
Depreciation and amortization		10,681		10,846	42,105		41,904		
Interest expense		7,391		8,195	29,344		34,035		
Interest income		(331)		(267)	(1,540)		(1,055)		
EBITDA		60,848		90,292	213,608		299,495		
Adjustments:									
Merger and acquisition expenses		1,107		256	1,316		1,766		
Non-cash foreign currency (gain) loss related to lease liability		(2,256)		(884)	1,249		(933)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_	11,737		_		
Non-cash write-off of certain Cash America merger related lease intangibles		2,406		_	7,055		_		
Non-cash impairment of certain other assets				_	1,900		_		
Consumer lending wind-down costs and asset impairments				159	109		3,454		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	62,105	\$	89,823	\$ 236,974	\$	303,782		
Net debt ratio calculation:									
Total debt (outstanding principal)					\$ 623,000	\$	635,000		
Less: cash and cash equivalents					(65,850)		(46,527)		
Net debt					\$ 557,150	\$	588,473		
Adjusted EBITDA					\$ 236,974	\$	303,782		
Net debt ratio (net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA)					2.4 :1		1.9 :1		

### Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow

For purposes of its internal liquidity assessments, the Company considers free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow. The Company defines free cash flow as cash flow from operating activities less purchases of furniture, fixtures, equipment and improvements and net fundings/repayments of pawn and consumer loans, which are considered to be operating in nature by the Company but are included in cash flow from investing activities. Adjusted free cash flow is defined as free cash flow adjusted for merger and acquisition expenses paid that management considers to be non-operating in nature.

Free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow are commonly used by investors as an additional measure of cash generated by business operations that may be used to repay scheduled debt maturities and debt service or, following payment of such debt obligations and other non-discretionary items, may be available to invest in future growth through new business development activities or acquisitions, repurchase stock, pay cash dividends or repay debt obligations prior to their maturities. These metrics can also be used to evaluate the Company's ability to generate cash flow from business operations and the impact that this cash flow has on the Company's liquidity. However, free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for cash flow from operating activities or other income statement data prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following table reconciles cash flow from operating activities to free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow (in thousands):

	TWOTE THOMAS EMEC					
	December 31,					
	 2020		2019			
Cash flow from operating activities	\$ 222,264	\$	231,596			
Cash flow from investing activities:						
Loan receivables, net (1)	107,008		34,406			
Purchases of furniture, fixtures, equipment and improvements	(37,543)		(44,311)			
Free cash flow	291,729		221,691			
Merger and acquisition expenses paid, net of tax benefit	991		1,276			
Adjusted free cash flow	\$ 292,720	\$	222,967			

Twelve Months Ended

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes the funding of new loans net of cash repayments and recovery of principal through the sale of inventories acquired from forfeiture of pawn collateral.

### **Constant Currency Results**

The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. However, certain performance metrics discussed in this release are presented on a "constant currency" basis, which is considered a non-GAAP financial measure. The Company's management uses constant currency results to evaluate operating results of business operations in Latin America, which are primarily transacted in local currencies.

The Company believes constant currency results provide valuable supplemental information regarding the underlying performance of its business operations in Latin America, consistent with how the Company's management evaluates such performance and operating results. Constant currency results reported herein are calculated by translating certain balance sheet and income statement items denominated in local currencies using the exchange rate from the prior-year comparable period, as opposed to the current comparable period, in order to exclude the effects of foreign currency rate fluctuations for purposes of evaluating period-over-period comparisons. Business operations in Mexico, Guatemala and Colombia are transacted in Mexican pesos, Guatemalan quetzales and Colombian pesos, respectively. The Company also has operations in El Salvador where the reporting and functional currency is the U.S. dollar. See the Latin America operations segment tables elsewhere in this release for additional reconciliation of certain constant currency amounts to as reported GAAP amounts.

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